

We've improved your cover from 23 August 2020

Thank you for continuing your insurance protection with us.

We've improved your Income Protection policy, providing you and your family with even more protection. Take a moment to understand the improvements to your cover.

Important note

The improved terms and conditions apply to the products you hold with us. The improvements don't, however, apply to any medical conditions which the life insured already had as at **22 August 2020**.

It is important to read the improvements described in this notice together with your existing policy document and any other policy notices previously provided in relation to it (together, the **Policy Document**).

Except where otherwise indicated, words in italics in this document are defined in the Policy Document.

Medical definitions

Renamed medical definitions

For clarity we've renamed the following medical definitions:

Previous name	New name
loss of hearing	loss of hearing in both ears
major head trauma	major head trauma with permanent neurological deficit

Each of these terms has a new meaning as set out in the tables which follow.

Improved medical definitions

We've improved the following medical definitions. You should check your Policy Document to work out what definitions apply to your cover.

This term	Means
chronic lung disease	End stage respiratory failure requiring permanent, long term oxygen therapy as certified by the relevant medical specialist.
loss of hearing in both ears	The permanent and irreversible loss of hearing in both ears as a result of <i>sickness</i> or <i>injury</i> , to the extent that the person has an average hearing threshold of 91dB or greater as measured at 500, 1000, 1500, 2000 and 3000 Hz even with amplification. The loss must be certified by a <i>relevant medical specialist</i> . The definition isn't met if the person's level of hearing is lower than the above threshold with the assistance of any type of hearing device, other than a cochlear implant.
multiple sclerosis with impairment	The diagnosis of multiple sclerosis as certified by a <i>relevant medical specialist</i> and evidenced by magnetic resonance imaging or other investigations acceptable to us; and has resulted in persisting neurological abnormalities.
severe rheumatoid arthritis	 The diagnosis of severe rheumatoid arthritis by a relevant medical specialist. The diagnosis must be supported by, and evidence, all of the following criteria: the person has undergone and is non-responsive to all reasonable conventional therapy*, and the person has failed six months of intensive treatment with two biological disease-modifying anti rheumatic drugs (bDMARDs), as recommended by a <i>relevant medical specialist</i>. Degenerative osteoarthritis and all other arthritides are excluded. *Conventional therapy includes those medications available through the Australian Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme excluding those on the 'specialised drugs' list for Rheumatoid Arthritis.

Clarified medical definitions

We've clarified the following medical definitions:

This term	Means
diplegia	The total and permanent loss of use of both arms or both legs, resulting from <i>sickness</i> or <i>injury</i> of the brain or spinal cord.
hemiplegia	The total and permanent loss of use of one arm and one leg on the same side of the body, resulting from <i>sickness</i> or <i>injury</i> of the brain or spinal cord.
loss of use of limbs or sight	 The person has suffered, as a result of <i>sickness</i> or <i>injury</i> and as certified by a <i>relevant medical specialist</i>, any of the following: the total and permanent loss of use of both hands the total and permanent loss of use of both feet the total and permanent loss of use of one hand and one foot the total and permanent loss of use of one hand and blindness in one eye the total and permanent loss of use of one foot and blindness in one eye; or

This term	Means
	Blindness means the permanent loss of sight to the extent that:
	 visual acuity is 6/60 or less or the visual field is reduced to 20 degrees or less of arc
	whether aided or unaided.
major head trauma with permanent neurological deficit	Injury to the head resulting in permanent neurological deficit causing either:
	 the permanent and irreversible inability to perform without the assistance of another person any one of the activities of daily living, or permanent cognitive impairment, where the person has a Mini-Mental State Examination score of 24 or less as certified by a <i>relevant medical specialist</i>.
paraplegia	The total and permanent loss of use of both legs, resulting from <i>sickness</i> or <i>injury</i> of the brain or spinal cord.
quadriplegia	The total and permanent loss of use of both arms and both legs, resulting from <i>sickness</i> or <i>injury</i> of the brain or spinal cord.

Removed medical definitions

We've removed the following definitions, and all references to them in the PDS because these medical conditions are already incorporated into other existing definitions:

Previous name	
tetraplegia	

Need more information?

If you require additional information, please contact your adviser or call us on **13 1056** between 8 am and 6 pm (AEST/ADST), Monday to Friday.

Important information: This document has been prepared by AIA Australia Limited ABN 79 004 837 861 AFSL 230043 (AIA Australia). As this summary has been prepared without considering your objectives, financial situation or needs, you should, before acting on the summary, consider its appropriateness to your circumstances. The Policy Document should be considered in making any decision about this product. AIA can be contacted by phone, our website or you can write to us.